

Nuclear staining by anti-MLH1 on colon tubular adenoma.

MLH1 (G168-728) on tissue microarray, colorectal carcinoma.

MLH1 (G168-728) on colorectal carcinoma.

 $\label{eq:Reactivity} \mbox{Reactivity paraffin} \\ \mbox{Visualization nuclear} \\ \mbox{Control colon, colon carcinoma} \\ \mbox{Stability up to 36 mo. at 2-8°C} \\ \mbox{Isotype} \mbox{ IgG}_{2a} \\ \mbox{}$ 

# **Associated Specialties**

Gastrointestinal (GI) Pathology

#### Reference

- Wright CL, et al. Am J Surg Pathol. 2003; 27:1393-1406.
- Brueckl WM, et al. Anticancer Research. 2003; 23:1773-1778.
- 3. Rigau V, et al. Arch Pathol Lab Med. 2003; 127:694-700.
- 4. Renkonen E, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2003; 21:3629-3637.
- 5. Hoedema R, et al. The American Surgeon. 2003; 69:387-92.
- 6. Christensen M, et al. Cancer. 2002; 95:2422-30.
- 7. Wahlberg SS, et al. Cancer Research. 2002; 62:3485-3492.
- 8. Lanza G, et al. Modern Pathology. 2002; 15: 741-749.

# **Product Description**

MLH1 is a mismatch repair protein that is deficient in a high proportion of patients with microsatellite instability (MSI-H). It has been suggested that the deficiencies in DNA mismatch repair protein(s) can be seen in some malignancies such as hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC) and endometrial cancer. Anti-MLH1 may be useful in identification of MLH1 protein in variety of normal and neoplastic tissues and identification of loss of MLH1 in tumors with MSI genotype.<sup>1-8</sup> Anti-MLH1 is best utilized in an IHC panel that includes anti-MSH6, anti-MSH2, and anti-PMS2.

# **Ordering Information**

# Clone: G168-728

### Mouse Monoclonal

Volume Part No.
0.1 ml, concentrate285M-14
0.5 ml, concentrate285M-15
1 ml, concentrate 285M-16
1 ml, predilute 285M-17
7 ml, predilute 285M-18
25 ml. predilute 285M-10

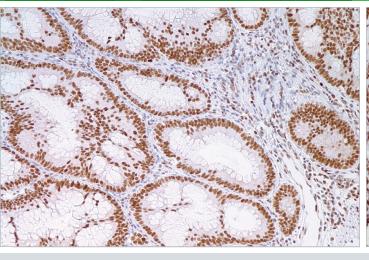
#### **Designations**

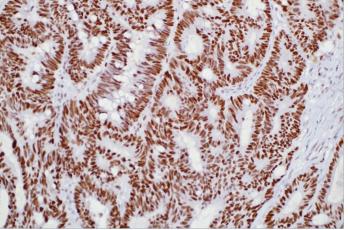


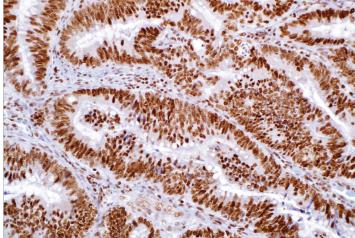












Anti-MSH2 positively labels well differentiated colon adenocarcinoma in a nuclear pattern.

MSH2 (G219-1129) on colorectal carcinoma.

MSH2 (G219-1129) on colorectal carcinoma.

Reactivity paraffin Visualization nuclear Control colon mucosa, colon carcinoma Stability up to 36 mo. at 2-8°C Isotype IgG<sub>1</sub>

# **Associated Specialties**

Gastrointestinal (GI) Pathology

#### Reference

- 1. Wright CL, et al. Am J Surg Pathol. 2003; 27:1393-1406.
- 2. Brueckl WM, et al. Anticancer Research. 2003; 23:1773-1778.
- 3. Rigau V, et al. Arch Pathol Lab Med. 2003; 127:694-700.
- 4. Renkonen E, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2003; 21:3629-3637.
- 5. Hoedema R, et al. The American Surgeon. 2003; 69:387-92.
- 6. Christensen M, et al. Cancer. 2002; 95:2422-30.
- 7. Wahlberg SS, et al. Cancer Research. 2002; 62:3485-3492.
- 8. Lanza G, et al. Modern Pathology. 2002; 15:741-749.

# **Product Description**

MSH2 is a mismatch repair protein which is deficient in a high proportion of patients with microsatellite instability (MSI-H). It has been suggested that the deficiencies in DNA mismatch repair protein(s) can be seen in some malignancies such as hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC) and endometrial cancer. Anti-MSH2 may be useful in identification of MSH2 protein in variety of normal and neoplastic tissues and identification of loss of MSH2 in tumors with MSI genotype.<sup>1-8</sup> Anti-MSH2 is best utilized in an IHC panel that includes anti-MLH1, anti-MSH6, and anti-PMS2.

# **Ordering Information**

# Clone: G219-1129

### Mouse Monoclonal

Volume Part No.
0.1 ml, concentrate286M-14
0.5 ml, concentrate286M-15
1 ml, concentrate 286M-16
1 ml, predilute 286M-17
7 ml, predilute 286M-18
25 ml, predilute 286M-10

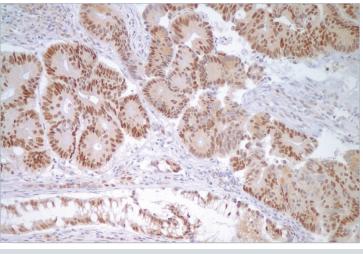
#### **Designations**



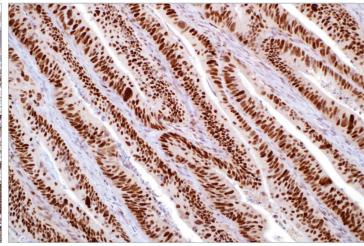












Nuclear staining by MSH6 (44) on well differentiated colon adenocarcinoma.

MSH6 (44) on colon.

MSH6 (44) on colorectal carcinoma.

**Reactivity** paraffin Visualization nuclear Control colon, colon carcinoma **Stability** up to 36 mo. at 2-8°C **Isotype** IgG<sub>1</sub>

# **Associated Specialties**

Gastrointestinal (GI) Pathology

#### Reference

- Lagerstedt Robinson K, et al. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2007; 99:291-9.
- Niessen RC, et al. Gut. 2006; 55:1781-8.
- Hansen TP, et al. Appl Immunohistochem Mol Morphol. 2006; 14:115-21.
- Lawes DA, et al. Br J Cancer. 2005; 93:472-7.
- Stormorken AT, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2005; 23:4705-12.
- Rigau V, et al. Arch Pathol Lab Med. 2003; 127:694-700.

# **Product Description**

MSH6 is a mismatch repair gene which is deficient in a high proportion of patients with microsatellite instability (MSI-H). This finding is associated with the autosomal dominant condition known as hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC). The anti-MSH6 antibody is useful in screening patients and families for this condition. Colon cancers that are microsatellite unstable have a better prognosis than their microsatellite stable counterparts.

# **Ordering Information**

#### Clone: 44

### Mouse Monoclonal

Volume	Part No.
0.1 ml, concentrate	287M-14
0.5 ml, concentrate	287M-15
1 ml, concentrate	287M-16
1 ml, predilute	287M-17
7 ml, predilute	287M-18
25 ml, predilute	287M-10

#### **Alternate Clones Available**

• Rabbit Monoclonal, SP93 Contact us for more information.

#### **Designations**

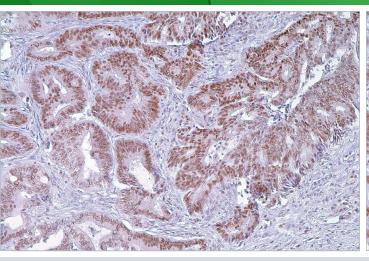


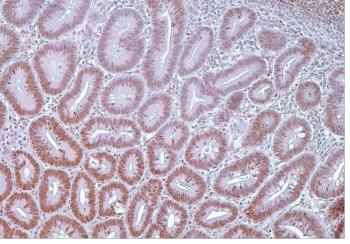


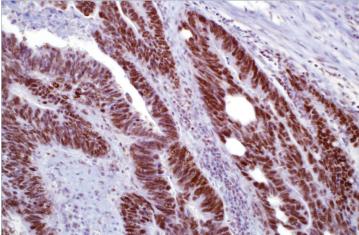




RUO







Nuclear labelling of carcinoma cells by PMS2 (EPR3947) on colon adenocarcinoma.

PMS2 (EPR3947) on colon adenoma.

PMS2 (EPR3947) on adenocarcinoma of colon.

Reactivity paraffin Visualization nuclear Control colon Stability up to 36 mo. at 2-8°C Isotype IgG

# **Associated Specialties**

Gastrointestinal (GI) Pathology

#### Reference

- 1. Gologan A, et al. Clin Lab Med. 2005; 25:179-96.
- 2. Lagerstedt Robinson K, et al. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2007; 99:291-9.
- 3. Hendriks YM, et al. Gastroenterology. 2006; 130:312-22.
- 4. Truninger K, et al. Gastroenterology. 2005; 128:1160-71.
- Hampel H, et al. N Engl J Med. 2005; 352:1851-60.
- 6. Warusavitarne J, et al. Int J Colorectal Dis 2007; 22:739-748.
- 7. Gill S, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2005; 11:6466.

# **Product Description**

PMS2 is a mismatch repair protein that is deficient in a high proportion of patients with microsatellite instability (MSI-H). It has been suggested that the deficiencies in DNA mismatch repair protein(s) can be seen in some malignancies such as hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC) and endometrial cancer. Anti-PMS2 may be useful in identification of PMS2 protein in variety of normal and neoplastic tissues and identification of loss of MLH1 in tumors with MSI genotype. Anti-PMS2 is best utilized in an IHC panel that includes anti-MSH6, anti-MSH2, and anti-MLH1.

### **Ordering Information**

# Clone: EPR3947

### Rabbit Monoclonal

Volume Part No.	
1 ml, predilute 288R-17	
7 ml, predilute288R-18	
25 ml. predilute	

### **Alternate Clones Available**

• Mouse Monoclonal, MRQ-28 Contact us for more information.

# Designations









RUO

NA

IVD

